

Table of Alpha-Disintegration Energies of the Heavy Elements

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THIS compilation is a revision of the "Table of Alpha-Disintegration Energies of the Heavy Elements" published in 1954.¹ Included are new alpha emitters and revisions concerning those previously listed. The basis for inclusion in Table II of a previously listed alpha emitter is the availability of additional data which would change the alpha-disintegration energy by more than 1 kev from that listed in Table I.¹ Polonium-211 (0.52 sec) is included but not the 25-sec isomer because it is now certain that the alpha group belonging to the 0.52-sec nuclide represents the transition between ground states.

The only references given are those relevant to the energy determinations. The decay energies are the Q values for the alpha transitions and can be transformed into mass differences by including the atomic mass of He⁴.

COLUMN 1

This column indicates the alpha emitter and its product as well as the half-life which is given solely for purposes of further identification. These are the measured half-lives and not the partial alpha-decay half-lives for those cases in which there is more than one mode of decay. Since this table is not a compilation of general decay properties, references are not given for the half-lives cited.

COLUMNS 2 AND 3

In a large fraction of the cases the "highest-energy group" of column 3 is either known to be that of the ground-state transition or is assumed to be so in the absence of information regarding a complex spectrum for the purpose of calculating the disintegration energy of column 2. The Q values, unless otherwise stated under "comments," were calculated by adding to the energy of column 2 the recoil energy, $4E/(A-4)$, where E is the alpha-particle energy and A is the mass number of the emitter. The Q values were rounded off to values consistent with the precision of the energy measurements.

COLUMN 4

The absence of a notation under "intensity" means that no high-resolution instrument has been used to obtain evidence on complex structure. Otherwise the entry indicates the intensity of the group believed to represent the ground-state transition. The designation " ~ 100 " means that a careful search has been made for other groups and either none has been found or that the intensities of lower-energy groups are low.

¹ F. Asaro and I. Perlman, Revs. Modern Phys. 26, 456 (1954).

COLUMN 5

This column refers to the method of energy determination.

ion ch	ionization chamber coupled with some form of pulse-height analyzer.
range air	range determination in air.
range emuls	range of alpha tracks in a photographic emulsion.
spect	magnetic spectrograph.

COLUMN 6

References are given for the energy measurements selected.

COLUMN 7

These letter ratings give the estimated degree of certainty of the isotopic assignments according to the following code:

- A Element and mass number certain;
- B Element certain and mass number probable;
- C Element probable and mass number certain or probable;
- D Element certain and mass number not well established.

COLUMN 8

The comments in this column for the most part reinforce the decision on the decay energy.

ins evid	Insufficient evidence to know whether or not the alpha energy measured is that of the ground-state transition.
e-e	No direct evidence, but since the nucleus is of the even-even type it can be assumed that the measured energy is that of the ground-state transition.
α - γ coinc	This designation indicates that coincidences have been observed between alpha particles and gamma rays (or conversion electrons) which show some doubt that the highest-energy alpha group is the ground-state transition. Where the evidence is not sufficiently definite to deduce a decay energy based on anything other than the highest-energy alpha group, this is reflected by the values in columns 2 and 3 differing only by the recoil energy. Where the evidence is sufficiently definite to deduce the decay energy, it will be found that columns 2 and 3 differ by more than the recoil energy.

TABLE II.

Reaction	Adopted Q (Mev)	Highest energy group measured (Mev)	Intensity (%)	Method	Energy ref.	Identification	Comments
$\text{Bi}^{210} \longrightarrow \text{Tl}^{206}$ $2.6 \times 10^6 \text{ y}$	5.03	4.935 4.97		ion ch ion ch	2 2a	A	
$\text{Bi}^{211} \longrightarrow \text{Tl}^{207}$ 2.16 m	6.745	6.617 6.620	82.6	spect spect	2b 3	A	
$\text{Po}^{197} \longrightarrow \text{Pb}^{198}$ $\sim 4 \text{ m}$	6.165	6.040		spect	4	D	ins evid
$\text{Po}^{198} \longrightarrow \text{Pb}^{194}$ $\sim 6 \text{ m}$	6.057	5.935		spect	4	D	e-e
$\text{Po}^{199} \longrightarrow \text{Pb}^{195}$ 11 m	5.966	5.846 5.84		spect ion ch	4 4a	B	ins evid
$\text{Po}^{200} \longrightarrow \text{Pb}^{196}$ $\sim 8 \text{ m}$	5.888	5.770		spect	4	B	e-e
$\text{Po}^{201} \longrightarrow \text{Pb}^{197}$ 18 m	5.786	5.671 5.70		spect ion ch	4 4b	B	ins evid
$\text{Po}^{202} \longrightarrow \text{Pb}^{198}$ 51 min	5.689	5.575 5.57 5.61 5.59		spect ion ch ion ch ion ch	4 5 6 7	B	e-e
$\text{Po}^{204} \longrightarrow \text{Pb}^{200}$ 3.8 h	5.477	5.370 5.37		spect ion ch	4 7	B	e-e
$\text{Po}^{211} \longrightarrow \text{Pb}^{207}$ 0.52 s	7.58	7.442 7.434	99	spect range air	8 9	A	
$\text{Po}^{213} \longrightarrow \text{Pb}^{209}$ $4.2 \times 10^{-6} \text{ s}$	8.51	8.35 8.336	~ 100	spect ion ch	11 13	A	ins evid
$\text{Po}^{215} \longrightarrow \text{Pb}^{211}$ $1.83 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}$	7.50	7.360 7.365 7.383	~ 100	spect range air spect	2b 9 13a	A	
$\text{At}^{209} \longrightarrow \text{Bi}^{205}$ 5.5 h	5.752	5.642 5.65	~ 100	spect ion ch	14, 15 17	B	ins evid
$\text{At}^{217} \longrightarrow \text{Bi}^{213}$ 0.018 s	7.18	7.05 7.02 7.00	~ 100	spect ion ch ion ch	18 13 19	A	
$\text{Em}^{204} \longrightarrow \text{Po}^{200}$ 3 m	6.41	6.28		ion ch	5	D	e-e
$\text{Em}^{206} \longrightarrow \text{Po}^{202}$ 6.2 m	6.37	6.25 6.25		ion ch ion ch	5 6	B	e-e
$\text{Em}^{207} \longrightarrow \text{Po}^{203}$ 11 m	6.24	6.12 6.09		ion ch ion ch	5 6	B	ins evid
$\text{Em}^{208} \longrightarrow \text{Po}^{204}$ 23 m	6.261	6.141	~ 100	spect	20	B	e-e
$\text{Em}^{209} \longrightarrow \text{Po}^{205}$ 30 m	6.155	6.037		spect	20	B	ins evid
$\text{Em}^{210} \longrightarrow \text{Po}^{206}$ 2.7 h	6.155	6.037		spect	20	A	
$\text{Em}^{212} \longrightarrow \text{Po}^{208}$ 23 m	6.384	6.264	~ 100	spect	20	A	
$\text{Em}^{221} \longrightarrow \text{Po}^{217}$ 25 m	6.1	6.0		ion ch	21	A	ins evid
$\text{Em}^{219} \longrightarrow \text{Po}^{215}$ 3.92 s	6.940	6.813 6.807	83	spect spect	2b 21b	A	
$\text{Fr}^{212} \longrightarrow \text{At}^{208}$ 19.3 m	6.534	6.411	37	spect	20	A	ins evid
$\text{Fr}^{221} \longrightarrow \text{At}^{217}$ 4.8 m	6.449	6.332 6.30	84	spect ion ch	18 13, 21a	A	

TABLE II.—Continued.

Reaction	Adopted Q (Mev)	Highest energy group measured (Mev)	Intensity (%)	Method	Energy ref.	Identification	Comments
$\text{Fr}^{223} \longrightarrow \text{At}^{219}$ 21 m	5.44	5.34		range emuls	22	A	ins evid
$\text{Ra}^{223} \longrightarrow \text{Em}^{219}$ 11.2 d	5.974	5.867 5.860	0.9	spect spect	2b 22a	A	
$\text{Ra}^{222} \longrightarrow \text{Em}^{218}$ 38 s	6.671	6.551	96	spect	23	A	
$\text{Ac}^{225} \longrightarrow \text{Fr}^{221}$ 10.0 d	5.923	5.818 5.80	56	spect ion ch	24 21a, 13	A	
$\text{Th}^{226} \longrightarrow \text{Ra}^{222}$ 30.9 m	6.444	6.330	79	spect	23	A	
$\text{Th}^{227} \longrightarrow \text{Ra}^{223}$ 18.6 d	6.144	6.036 6.030	23	spect spect	2b 22a	A	
$\text{Th}^{222} \longrightarrow \text{Ra}^{223}$ 1.4×10^{10} y	4.077	4.007 4.006		ion ch range emuls	25 26	A	
$\text{Pa}^{231} \longrightarrow \text{Ac}^{227}$ 3.43×10^4 y	5.138	5.049 5.046 5.042	8.7	spect spect spect	27 28 29	A	
$\text{U}^{230} \longrightarrow \text{Th}^{226}$ 20.8 d	5.988	5.884	67.2	spect	23	A	
$\text{U}^{233} \longrightarrow \text{Th}^{229}$ 1.62×10^6 y	4.900	4.816 4.823	83.5	spect ion ch	30 13	A	
$\text{U}^{234} \longrightarrow \text{Th}^{230}$ 2.48×10^5 y	4.851	4.768 4.768 4.763	72	spect ion ch ion ch	27 25 31	A	
$\text{U}^{235} \longrightarrow \text{Th}^{231}$ 7.13×10^6 y	4.63	4.552 4.58	7	spect ion ch	2b 31a	A	
$\text{U}^{238} \longrightarrow \text{Th}^{234}$ 4.51×10^9 y	4.267	4.195	77	ion ch	25	A	
$\text{Np}^{235} \longrightarrow \text{Pa}^{231}$ 410 d	5.23	5.06		ion ch	32	A	$\alpha\gamma(33)$
$\text{Np}^{237} \longrightarrow \text{Pa}^{233}$ 2.2×10^6 y	4.950	4.866 4.872	3	spect ion ch	34 35	A	
$\text{Pu}^{233} \longrightarrow \text{U}^{229}$ 20 m	6.41	6.30		ion ch	36	B	ins evid
$\text{Pu}^{236} \longrightarrow \text{U}^{232}$ 2.7 y	5.862	5.763	68.9	spect	37	A	
$\text{Pu}^{237} \longrightarrow \text{U}^{233}$ 44 d	5.75	5.65	21	ion ch	36	A	ins evid
$\text{Pu}^{238} \longrightarrow \text{U}^{234}$ 89.6 y	5.589	5.495 5.491	72	spect spect	38 27	A	
$\text{Pu}^{239} \longrightarrow \text{U}^{235}$ $24,360$ y	5.235	5.147 5.147 5.150	72.5	spect spect spect	27 39 40	A	isomeric state less than 1 kev 38a, b
$\text{Pu}^{240} \longrightarrow \text{U}^{236}$ 6580 y	5.246	5.159 5.162	75.5	spect spect	30 40	A	
$\text{Am}^{239} \longrightarrow \text{Np}^{235}$ 12 h	5.90	5.75		ion ch	41	A	$\alpha\gamma(42)$
$\text{Am}^{241} \longrightarrow \text{Np}^{237}$ 461 y	5.628	5.535 5.541	0.42	spect spect	43 27	A	
$\text{Am}^{243} \longrightarrow \text{Np}^{239}$ 7.9×10^3 y	5.428	5.339	0.17	spect	44	A	ins evid
$\text{Cm}^{238} \longrightarrow \text{Pu}^{234}$ 2.4 h	6.63	6.52 6.50		ion ch ion ch	41 45	B	e-e

TABLE II.—Continued.

Reaction	Adopted Q (Mev)	Highest energy group measured (Mev)	Intensity (%)	Method	Energy ref.	Identification	Comments
Cm ²⁴⁰ → Pu ²³⁶ 26.8 d	6.38	6.27 6.25		ion ch ion ch	46 47	A	e-e
Cm ²⁴¹ → Pu ²³⁷ 35 d	6.20	5.95		ion ch	46	A	α-γ(47a)
Cm ²⁴³ → Pu ²³⁹ 35 y	6.159	6.003 5.777	1 78	spect spect	48 83	A	(49)
Cm ²⁴⁵ → Pu ²⁴¹ 1×10 ⁴ y	5.62	5.45 5.36 5.4	~10 ~82	ion ch ion ch ion ch	50 51 52	A	α-γ(48)
Cm ²⁴⁶ → Pu ²⁴² 5×10 ³ y	5.46	5.373 5.37 5.39 5.4		ion ch ion ch ion ch ion ch	53 50 54 52	A	e-e
Cm ²⁴⁸ → Pu ²⁴⁴ 4.7×10 ⁶ y	5.14	5.054		ion ch	53	A	e-e
Bk ²⁴⁴ → Am ²⁴⁰ 4.35 h	6.78	6.67		ion ch	55	B	ins evid
Bk ²⁴⁵ → Am ²⁴¹ 4.95 d	6.48	6.37 6.35 6.33	33	ion ch ion ch ion ch	56 55 57	A	ins evid
Bk ²⁴⁷ → Am ²⁴³ ~10 ⁴ y	5.85	5.67	~40	ion ch	55	B	α-γ(58)
Bk ²⁴⁹ → Am ²⁴⁵ 280 d	5.53	5.40 5.4 5.4	~94	ion ch ion ch ion ch	55 59 60	A	α-γ(58)
Cf ²⁴⁴ → Cm ²⁴⁰ ~25 m	7.29	7.17		ion ch	61	A	e-e
Cf ²⁴⁵ → Cm ²⁴¹ 44 m	7.23	7.11 7.15		ion ch ion ch	61 62	A	
Cf ²⁴⁹ → Cm ²⁴⁵ 5×10 ² y	6.29	6.19 6.19	~3	ion ch ion ch	63 64	A	
Cf ²⁵⁰ → Cm ²⁴⁶ 10 y	6.122	6.024 6.025 6.033 6.05 6.03	83	spect ion ch ion ch ion ch ion ch	66 66a 65 67 59	A	
Cf ²⁵² → Cm ²⁴⁸ 2.2 y	6.211	6.112 6.119 6.117 6.15 6.12	84.5	spect ion ch ion ch ion ch ion ch	66 66a 65 67 59	A	
E ²⁴⁶ → Bk ²⁴² 7.3 m	7.4	7.3		ion ch	68	D	ins evid
E ²⁴⁸ → Bk ²⁴⁴ 25 m	6.98	6.87		ion ch	72	B	ins evid
E ²⁴⁹ → Bk ²⁴⁵ 2 h	6.87	6.76		ion ch	73	B	ins evid
E ²⁵¹ → Bk ²⁴⁷ 1.5 d	6.58	6.48		ion ch	73	B	ins evid
E ²⁵² → Bk ²⁴⁸ ~140 d	6.75	6.64		ion ch	73	B	ins evid
E ²⁵³ → Bk ²⁴⁹ 20.03 d	6.740	6.633 6.636 6.63 6.61	90.2	spect ion ch ion ch ion ch	74 75 67 76	A	

TABLE II.—Continued.

Reaction	Adopted Q (Mev)	Highest energy group measured (Mev)	Intensity (%)	Method	Energy ref.	Identification	Comments
$E^{254} \rightarrow Bk^{250}$ ~300 d	6.52	6.42 6.44		ion ch ion ch	75 77	A	ins evid
$Fm^{250} \rightarrow Cf^{246}$ 30 m	7.55	7.43 7.7		ion ch ion ch	78 79	B	e-e
$Fm^{251} \rightarrow Cf^{247}$ 7 h	7.00	6.89		ion ch	78	B	ins evid
$Fm^{252} \rightarrow Cf^{248}$ 23 h	7.16	7.05 7.04		ion ch ion ch	78 80	B	e-e
$Fm^{253} \rightarrow Cf^{249}$ 4.5 d	7.05	6.94 6.85		ion ch ion ch	81 80	B	ins evid
$Fm^{254} \rightarrow Cf^{250}$ 3.24 h	7.32	7.20 7.22 7.17		ion ch ion ch ion ch	75 82 76	A	
$Fm^{255} \rightarrow Cf^{251}$ 21.5 h	7.2	7.08 7.1		ion ch ion ch	75 82	B	ins evid

¹ See reference 1 of text.² H. B. Levy and I. Perlman, Phys. Rev. **94**, 152 (1954).^{2a} M. A. Rollier, Gazz. chim. ital. **84**, 658 (1954); Chem. Abstr. **49**-12983 f (1955).^{2b} R. C. Pilger, Ph.D. thesis, University of California (University of California Radiation Laboratory Report UCRL-3877) July, 1957.³ G. H. Briggs, Revs. Modern Phys. **26**, 1 (1954). This is a compilation of the best values for the energies of natural alpha particles.⁴ S. Rosenblum and H. Tyrén, Compt. rend. **239**, 1205 (1954).^{4a} The authors (see reference 4b) assigned the 5.84 Mev group to Po¹⁹⁹. From the work of Rosenblum and Tyrén an assignment to Po²⁰⁰ is more reasonable (see reference 4).^{4b} Karraker, Ghiorso, and Templeton, Phys. Rev. **83**, 390 (1951).⁵ A. W. Stoner and E. K. Hyde, J. Inorg. Nuclear Chem. **4**, 77 (1957).⁶ W. E. Burcham, Proc. Phys. Soc. (London) **A67**, 555 (1954).⁷ D. G. Karraker and D. H. Templeton, Phys. Rev. **81**, 510 (1951).⁸ S. 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