## ERRATA

## Elasticlike Contribution of Electric Origin to the Distortion Free Energy of Nematics. J. F. PALIERNE [Phys. Rev. Lett. 56, 1160 (1986)].

A factor  $\nabla_{\lambda}\nabla_{\mu}(n_{\lambda}n_{\mu})$  is missing in Eqs. (25), (28), and (29). They should read

$$\delta F = -K(\nabla_{\beta}\xi_{\epsilon})(\nabla_{\epsilon}n_{a})(\nabla_{\beta}n_{a}) - R\nabla_{\lambda}\nabla_{\mu}(n_{\lambda}n_{\mu})[2(\nabla_{\beta}\xi_{\epsilon})\nabla_{\epsilon}\nabla_{a} + (\nabla_{a}\nabla_{\beta}\xi_{\epsilon})\nabla_{\epsilon}](n_{a}n_{\beta}),$$
(25)

$$\sigma_{\beta a} = \partial (F - p \nabla \cdot \xi) / \partial (\nabla_{\beta} \xi_{a}) = -p \delta_{a\beta} - K (\nabla_{\beta} n_{\epsilon}) (\nabla_{a} n_{\epsilon}) - 2R \nabla_{a} \nabla_{\epsilon} (n_{\epsilon} n_{\beta}) \nabla_{\lambda} \nabla_{\mu} (n_{\lambda} n_{\mu}),$$
(28)

$$\chi_{\beta\gamma\alpha} = -\partial(F - p\nabla\cdot\xi)/\partial(\nabla_{\beta}\nabla_{\gamma}\xi_{\alpha}) = R\nabla_{\lambda}\nabla_{\mu}(n_{\lambda}n_{\mu})\nabla_{\alpha}(n_{\beta}n_{\gamma}).$$
<sup>(29)</sup>

Anisotropic Surface Tension, Step Free Energy, and Interfacial Roughening in the Three-Dimensional Ising Model. K. K. MON, S. WANSLEBEN, D. P. LANDAU, and K. BINDER [Phys. Rev. Lett. 60, 708 (1988)].

(1) Figure 3(b): The horizontal axis should have been  $1/\sqrt{t}$  and not  $\sqrt{t}$ .

(2) Figure 4: The vertical axis should read  $\{f_c(L,T^*)\xi/c\} = 1$ .

(3) The references to the originator of the relation between the step free energy and the correlation length should have been included in Ref. 2: J. P. van der Eerden and H. J. F. Knops, Phys. Lett. **66A**, 334 (1978), R. H. Swendsen, Phys. Rev. B **17**, 3710 (1978).

(4) It should also have been stated in Ref. 12 that for our application of the standard thermodynamic integration, only the ground-state energy is included for the related zero-temperature reference step free energy. We did not add the degenerate ground-state entropy which arises from the fact that our boundary conditions do not pin the position of the step. Such a term is linear in temperature and complicates the finite-size analysis near the roughening transitions. Our step free energy should be considered the excess step free energy.

Quantum-State-Selective Mirror Reflection of Atoms by Laser Light. V. I. BALYKIN, V. S. LETOKHOV, YU. B. OVCHINNIKOV, and A. I. SIDOROV [Phys. Rev. Lett. 60, 2137 (1988)].

Expressions (1) and (2) should read

$$F_{\rm grad}(y) = \frac{\alpha \hbar (\Delta - k_1 v_x) G(y)}{1 + G(y) + (\Delta - k_1 v_x)^2 / \gamma^2},$$
 (1)

$$U(y) = \frac{1}{2} \hbar (\Delta - k_1 v_x) \ln \left( 1 + \frac{G(y)}{1 + (\Delta - k_1 v_x)^2 / \gamma^2} \right).$$
(2)