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ERRATA

INFLUENCE OF EXTRA NEUTRONS ADDED TO THE $^{12}\text{C} + ^{16}\text{O}$ SYSTEM: GROSS STRUCTURES IN γ -RAY YIELDS FOLLOWING THE $^{13}\text{C} + ^{16}\text{O}$ AND $^{12}\text{C} + ^{18}\text{O}$ REACTIONS. Y.-d. Chan, H. Bohn, R. Vandebosch, R. Sielemann, J. G. Cramer, K. G. Bernhardt, H. C. Bhang, and D. T. C. Chiang [Phys. Rev. Lett. 42, 687 (1979)].

The scaling factor for the ^{25}Mg $\frac{1}{2}^+ - \frac{5}{2}^+$ 585.1-keV transition ($^{13}\text{C} + ^{16}\text{O}$) in Fig. 2(a) should read ($\times 10$), instead of ($\times 2$).

EXCLUSIVE PROCESSES IN QUANTUM CHROMODYNAMICS: THE FORM FACTORS OF BARYONS AT LARGE MOMENTUM TRANSFER. G. Peter Lepage and Stanley J. Brodsky [Phys. Lett. 43, 545 (1979)].

The expression for T_1 in Eq. (6) is missing one term. The correct result is

$$T_1 = T_3(1 \leftrightarrow 3) = \frac{1}{x_2 x_3 (1 - x_3)} \frac{1}{y_2 y_3 (1 - y_1)} - \frac{1}{x_3 (1 - x_1)^2} \frac{1}{y_3 (1 - y_1)^2} - \frac{1}{x_2 (1 - x_1)^2 y_2 (1 - y_1)^2}.$$

The lowest anomalous-dimension term in Eqs. (7) and (8) is then $-e_{\perp\parallel}$ (not $e_{\parallel} - e_{-\parallel}$). This correction only introduces minor modifications in the prediction for $G_M^p(Q^2)$ for typical initial wave-function conditions. The revised Fig. 2 given below, illustrates the predictions for $Q^4 G_M^p(Q^2)$ if one assumes an initial wave-function condition $\varphi(x_i, \lambda) \propto \delta(x_1 - \frac{1}{3}) \delta(x_2 - \frac{1}{3})$ with $\lambda^2 = 2 \text{ GeV}^2$ and various quantum-chromodynamic scale parameters $\Lambda^2 = 1, 0.1, 0.01, \text{ and } 0.001 \text{ GeV}^2$.

The ratio $G_M^p(Q^2)/G_M^n(Q^2)$ is a sensitive measure of the nucleon wave function. For the initial condi-