


# Measurement of the $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)\mu^+\mu^-$ Differential Branching Fraction

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The branching fraction of the rare decay  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)\mu^+\mu^-$  is measured for the first time, in the squared dimuon mass intervals  $q^2$ , excluding the  $J/\psi$  and  $\psi(2S)$  regions. The data sample analyzed was collected by the LHCb experiment at center-of-mass energies of 7, 8, and 13 TeV, corresponding to a total integrated luminosity of  $9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ . The result in the highest  $q^2$  interval,  $q^2 > 15.0 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4$ , where theoretical predictions have the smallest model dependence, agrees with the predictions.

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The standard model (SM) of particle physics provides at present the best description of fundamental particles and their interactions. However, it is unable to explain the dominance of matter over antimatter or the patterns of the interaction strengths of the elementary particles. Physics beyond the SM (BSM) is needed to address these limitations.

One way of searching for BSM physics is to study the flavor changing neutral-current transition  $b \rightarrow s\ell^+\ell^-$ , which proceeds through electroweak loop diagrams in the SM, while a sizeable contribution could be introduced by BSM physics [1–3]. Such decays have been studied in the  $B$ -meson sector by measuring branching fractions [4–7] and angular distributions [8–18] and testing lepton flavor universality [19–25]. Similar to  $B$ -meson decays, the study of  $b$ -baryon decays offers a multitude of observables that are analogous to those typically measured in  $B$ -meson decays, including charge-parity ( $CP$ ) asymmetries. Owing to the half-integer spin, the  $b$ -baryon decays offer an even richer angular structure than the  $B$ -meson decays [26].

The differential branching fraction and angular observables of the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda\mu^+\mu^-$  decay were analyzed by the LHCb Collaboration [27], and the measured values can be described by recent theoretical calculations [28,29]. The  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^-\mu^+\mu^-$  decay was first observed by the LHCb Collaboration [30], and a search for  $CP$  violation was performed. A test of lepton flavor universality in the decay  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^-\ell^+\ell^-$  was carried out by the LHCb Collaboration [31], and the result was found to be consistent with SM predictions. In the aforementioned measurements, there are various contributions of excited  $\Lambda$  baryon resonances to

the  $pK^-$  final state, among which the  $\Lambda(1520)$  stands out as having a relatively narrow width of 16 MeV [32]. In contrast to the ground state  $\Lambda$ , which has a spin parity of  $J^P = (1/2)^-$ , the excited  $\Lambda(1520)$  state has a spin parity of  $J^P = (3/2)^-$ , providing complementary information on potential new physics effects in the  $b \rightarrow s\ell^+\ell^-$  transitions [33].

This Letter reports the first measurement of the differential branching fraction of the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)\mu^+\mu^-$  decay in intervals of the squared dimuon mass,  $q^2$ , with the  $\Lambda(1520)$  baryon reconstructed through its  $\Lambda(1520) \rightarrow pK^-$  decay. The inclusion of charge-conjugate processes is implied throughout this Letter. The more abundant tree-level decay  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^-J/\psi$ , with a well-measured branching fraction [34], is used for normalization. The measurements are performed using proton-proton ( $pp$ ) collision data corresponding to an integrated luminosity of  $9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  recorded by the LHCb experiment at center-of-mass energies of 7, 8, and 13 TeV.

The LHCb detector [35,36] is a single-arm forward spectrometer covering the pseudorapidity range  $2 < \eta < 5$ , designed for the study of particles containing  $b$  or  $c$  quarks. The online event selection is performed by a trigger [37,38], which consists of a hardware stage, based on information from the calorimeters and muon systems [39], followed by a software stage, which applies a full event reconstruction. Simulated events are used to develop the candidate selection and to estimate the corresponding efficiency for the signal and normalization modes. In the simulation,  $pp$  collisions are generated using PYTHIA 8 [40,41] with a specific LHCb configuration [42]. Decays of unstable particles are described by EvtGen [43], in which final-state radiation is generated using Photos [44]. The interaction of the generated particles with the detector, and its response, are simulated using the Geant4 toolkit [45] as described in Ref. [46]. The  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)\mu^+\mu^-$  and  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^-J/\psi$  decays are simulated following a uniform phase-space model. The intermediate resonant structures in the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^-J/\psi$  decay are

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subsequently taken into account by using an unbinned approach with a correction based on the amplitude analysis in Ref. [47]. This approach takes into account both the two-body masses and the helicity angles. The  $\Lambda_b^0$  lifetime in the simulation is corrected to its known value [34]. In addition, the detector occupancy and  $\Lambda_b^0$  transverse momentum,  $p_T(\Lambda_b^0)$ , distributions of all simulated samples involving  $\Lambda_b^0$  decays are corrected for discrepancies between the simulation and data, using  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^-J/\psi$  samples.

Candidate  $\Lambda(1520)$  baryon decays are reconstructed from two oppositely charged tracks identified as a proton and a kaon originating from a common vertex. No requirement on the  $m(pK^-)$  mass is applied. The  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)(\rightarrow pK^-)\mu^+\mu^-$  decay is reconstructed by combining a  $pK^-$  candidate with two oppositely charged tracks identified as muons. Dimuon pairs having mass squared  $q^2$  values around the  $J/\psi$  ( $8.0 < q^2 < 11.0 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4$ ) and  $\psi(2S)$  ( $12.5 < q^2 < 15.0 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4$ ) resonances are vetoed from the signal decay sample, while the candidates from the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^-J/\psi$  decay are used for normalization. The background is further suppressed by requirements on the quality of the  $\Lambda_b^0$  decay vertex, the flight distance significance of the  $\Lambda_b^0$  candidate, the compatibility of the  $\Lambda_b^0$  candidate to come from the primary  $pp$  interaction vertex (PV), and the separation of the final-state tracks from the PV. For the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^-J/\psi$  decay, the mass of the  $\Lambda_b^0$  candidate is recalculated with the  $J/\psi$  meson mass constrained to its known value [34], leading to an improvement on the  $\Lambda_b^0$  mass resolution.

Various vetoes on hadron and muon masses reject peaking backgrounds originating from misidentified  $b$ -hadron decays, by recalculating the mass of the four-track combination under alternative particle hypotheses and removing candidates in the relevant mass range. Background candidates in the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)(\rightarrow pK^-)\mu^+\mu^-$  sample can originate from a few different sources. These include the  $B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi(1020)(\rightarrow K^+K^-)\mu^+\mu^-$  decay, where a kaon is misidentified as a proton; contamination from  $B^- \rightarrow K^-\mu^+\mu^-$

decays combined with a random additional proton; and the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pD^0(\rightarrow K^-\pi^+)\pi^-$  decay, where both pions are misidentified as muons. The same vetoes on the  $B_s^0$  and  $B^-$  decays are used to reject backgrounds in the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^-J/\psi$  data sample. Owing to the narrow  $J/\psi$  mass window requirement, the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pD^0(\rightarrow K^-\pi^+)\pi^-$  background is negligible for the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^-J/\psi$  decay, and therefore the veto is not applied. The  $J/\psi$  contamination in the signal decay sample with a muon misidentified as a hadron is found to be negligible. These vetoes retain about 91% of the signal while strongly suppressing all these background sources. The background from  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+(\rightarrow pK^-X)Y$  decays, where  $X$  and  $Y$  can represent either a  $\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu(\mu^+\nu_\mu)$  pair or a pion, are verified to be negligible in the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)(\rightarrow pK^-)\mu^+\mu^-$  sample.

In order to increase the signal purity, a multivariate classification is employed using a boosted decision tree (BDT) [48,49] algorithm implemented in the TMVA package [50]. To train this classifier, simulated  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)(\rightarrow pK^-)\mu^+\mu^-$  candidates are used as the signal proxy, and candidates lying in the upper  $pK^-\mu^+\mu^-$  mass sideband ( $6.0\text{--}6.8 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ ) adjacent to the signal region are used as background proxy. The variables used in the BDT training include kinematical and topological properties of the final state or intermediate particles. The requirement on the multivariate output is optimized by maximizing the magnitude of  $N_S/\sqrt{N_S+N_B}$ , where  $N_S$  and  $N_B$  are the expected number of  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)\mu^+\mu^-$  signal and background candidates underneath the signal peak, respectively. The BDT trained on the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)(\rightarrow pK^-)\mu^+\mu^-$  decay is also applied to the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^-J/\psi$  normalization mode, maintaining the same requirement on the multivariate output.

With the full selection applied, the differential branching fraction of the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)\mu^+\mu^-$  decay is determined in intervals of  $q^2$ , relative to the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^-J/\psi$  normalization mode, according to

$$\left\{ \frac{d\mathcal{B}[\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)\mu^+\mu^-]}{dq^2} \right\}_{q_{\min}^2}^{q_{\max}^2} = \frac{1}{(q_{\max}^2 - q_{\min}^2)} \frac{\mathcal{B}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^-J/\psi)\mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) N_{\Lambda(1520)\mu^+\mu^-} \epsilon_{pK^-J/\psi}}{\mathcal{B}[\Lambda(1520) \rightarrow pK^-] N_{pK^-J/\psi} \epsilon_{\Lambda(1520)\mu^+\mu^-}}, \quad (1)$$

where  $N_{pK^-J/\psi}$  and  $\epsilon_{pK^-J/\psi}$  are the yields and efficiencies of the normalization mode, and  $N_{\Lambda(1520)\mu^+\mu^-}$  and  $\epsilon_{\Lambda(1520)\mu^+\mu^-}$  indicate the corresponding parameters for the signal mode in the  $q_{\min}^2$ – $q_{\max}^2$  interval. The branching fractions  $\mathcal{B}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^-J/\psi)$ ,  $\mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)$ , and  $\mathcal{B}[\Lambda(1520) \rightarrow pK^-]$  are  $(3.2 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-4}$ ,  $(5.961 \pm 0.033)\%$ , and  $(22.5 \pm 0.5)\%$ , respectively [34].

To determine the geometrical acceptance and the efficiencies of the trigger, reconstruction, and particle

identification (PID) requirements, we utilize the simulation and apply corrections based on unbiased control samples selected from real data. These corrections are applied to simulated samples of the signal and normalization modes to refine their accuracy. The PID efficiencies for each channel are calculated from calibration data samples of muons, proton, kaons, and pions [51], and are applied as per-candidate weights to the simulation. Similarly, the trigger efficiency is corrected by comparing the efficiency in data

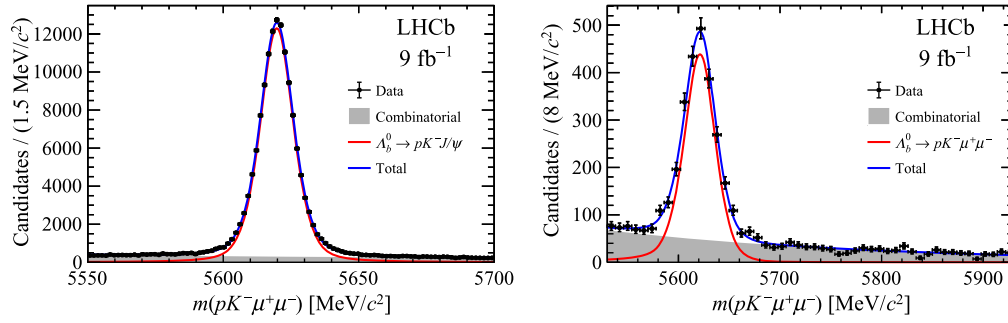


FIG. 1. Mass distribution for the (left)  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^- J/\psi$  and (right)  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^- \mu^+ \mu^-$ , integrated over the considered  $q^2$  intervals. Fit results are overlaid.

and simulation as a function of the  $p_T$  of the muons in the normalization mode. Finally, the relative efficiencies for different data-taking periods are combined according to the integrated luminosity times the production rate of the  $\Lambda_b^0$  baryon to account for the variation of data-taking conditions.

The yield of the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^- J/\psi$  normalization mode is determined using an extended unbinned maximum-likelihood fit to the  $pK^- J/\psi$  mass distribution with the  $J/\psi$  meson mass constrained to its known value [34]. The signal is modeled by a Hypatia function [52]. The tail parameters are determined from simulation, while the peak position and resolution are allowed to vary freely in the fit to data. The combinatorial background is modeled using an exponential function with the slope allowed to vary freely. The  $m(pK^- \mu^+ \mu^-)$  distribution of the selected  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^- J/\psi$  candidates is shown in Fig. 1 (left), with the fit results overlaid. The  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^- J/\psi$  yield is found to be  $N_{pK^- J/\psi} = 137900 \pm 405$ , where the uncertainty is statistical only.

For the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(1520) \mu^+ \mu^-$  decay, we perform a simultaneous extended unbinned maximum-likelihood fit to the  $pK^- \mu^+ \mu^-$  mass distribution in different intervals of  $q^2$ . The mean of the signal peak is shared among the different samples. The same signal and background models as for the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^- J/\psi$  normalization mode are used, while the tail parameters of the signal model are determined from the

simulated  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(1520) \mu^+ \mu^-$  sample. The  $m(pK^- \mu^+ \mu^-)$  resolution parameter for the signal component is fixed to the value obtained from a fit to the normalization mode. Figure 1 (right) shows the  $m(pK^- \mu^+ \mu^-)$  distribution of the full data sample, integrated over all the considered  $q^2$  intervals. The  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^- \mu^+ \mu^-$  signal yield is found to be  $N_{\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^- \mu^+ \mu^-} = 2250 \pm 57$ , where the uncertainty is statistical only. The corresponding figures for all the  $q^2$  ranges are available as Supplemental Material [53].

The yields of the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(1520) \mu^+ \mu^-$  signal in the different  $q^2$  bins are determined by maximizing the extended weighted log likelihood for unbinned  $m(pK^-)$  distributions. The non- $\Lambda_b^0$  background is subtracted using the sPlot technique, which utilizes the  $m(pK^- \mu^+ \mu^-)$  distribution as a discriminating variable [54,55]. The efficiency as a function of  $m(pK^-)$  is determined from simulation and included in the fit model. The fit procedure is validated with pseudoexperiments, and the uncertainties of the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(1520) \mu^+ \mu^-$  signal yields are corrected using the bootstrap method [56]. A cross-check is performed using unbinned maximum-likelihood fits to the two-dimensional  $m(pK^- \mu^+ \mu^-)$  and  $m(pK^-)$  distributions, which give consistent results. Considering the mass and width of all the  $\Lambda$  states [34] and their contributions to the background-subtracted  $m(pK^-)$  spectra, the  $\Lambda(1405)$ ,  $\Lambda(1520)$ ,  $\Lambda(1600)$ , and  $\Lambda(1800)$  states are included in the nominal fits. The line shapes of these resonances are

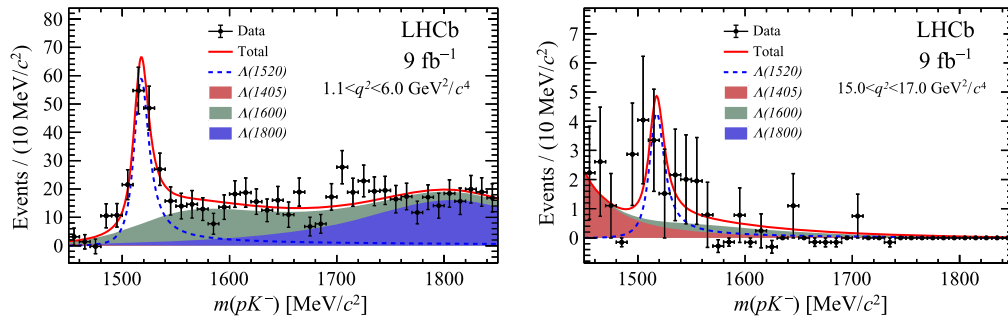


FIG. 2. Distribution of the  $pK^-$  mass, after background subtraction, for  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^- \mu^+ \mu^-$  signal candidates in the (left)  $1.1 < q^2 < 6.0 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4$  and (right)  $15.0 < q^2 < 17.0 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4$  regions. Fit results are overlaid.

TABLE I. Relative systematic uncertainties [in %] of the differential branching fraction ratio measurement. The total uncertainty is obtained as the quadratic sum of the individual contributions.

Source	$q^2$ interval (GeV <sup>2</sup> /c <sup>4</sup> )					
	0.1–3.0	3.0–6.0	6.0–8.0	11.0–12.5	15.0–17.0	1.1–6.0
Signal fit model	9.6	6.5	9.3	9.3	15.3	7.2
Normalization fit model	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3
Hardware trigger	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3
PID	2.4	2.4	1.6	7.0	16.0	2.4
Simulation corrections	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Decay model	1.7	2.6	4.8	4.0	5.4	0.9
Simulated sample size	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.1
$\mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)/\mathcal{B}[\Lambda(1520) \rightarrow pK^-]$	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3
Quadratic sum	10.4	7.9	10.9	12.6	22.9	8.1
$\mathcal{B}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^-J/\psi)$	18.8	18.8	18.8	18.8	18.8	18.8

parametrized using relativistic Breit–Wigner functions. As the  $\Lambda(1520)$  resonance has a width that is comparable to the experimental resolution, the line shape is convolved with a Gaussian resolution function. The width of the Gaussian is taken from the simulation. In the fits to the background-subtracted  $m(pK^-)$  distributions, the width and mass of all the  $\Lambda$  resonances are fixed according to the world’s best results [32,57]. The  $\Lambda(1670)$ ,  $\Lambda(1690)$ ,  $\Lambda(1820)$ , and  $\Lambda(1830)$  states, and interference effects are not included in the fits as these are found to be small, and a systematic uncertainty is included in that of the signal fit mode. The background-subtracted  $m(pK^-)$  distribution in the  $q^2$  regions 1.1–6.0 GeV<sup>2</sup>/c<sup>4</sup> and 15.0–17.0 GeV<sup>2</sup>/c<sup>4</sup> are shown in Fig. 2. The signal yields in all the  $q^2$  intervals are given in Table II.

The differential branching fraction measurement is affected by systematic uncertainties in the yield determination and the efficiency estimation. Table I lists these systematic uncertainties. The total uncertainty is determined from the sum of all contributions in quadrature. The largest uncertainty is related to the uncertainty on the measured mass and width of the  $\Lambda$  resonances that are fixed in the signal fit model, and is estimated using pseudoexperiments. Pseudodata samples are generated according to an

alternative model in which the mass and width of the  $\Lambda$  resonances are varied within their uncertainty [32,57], and input values for the Blatt-Weisskopf barrier functions [58] of the  $\Lambda$  resonances are varied, then fitted with the default model.

The systematic uncertainty of the  $\Lambda_b^0$  yield determination is evaluated using pseudoexperiments. For both the signal mode  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)\mu^+\mu^-$  and the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^-J/\psi$  normalization mode, an alternative model is used where the signal is described by a double-sided crystal ball function [59] and the background by a second-order Chebyshev polynomial function [60]. Pseudosamples are generated using the alternative model and fitted with the default model, and the observed deviation is assigned as the systematic uncertainty. Peaking backgrounds that remain after the vetoes introduced in the selection are neglected in the fit for the determination of the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^-J/\psi$  yield. The main sources of systematic uncertainty are caused by contributions from the  $B_s^0 \rightarrow K^+K^-J/\psi$  and  $B^0 \rightarrow K^+\pi^-J/\psi$  decays.

The hardware-trigger efficiencies are measured in bins of muon  $p_T$  using the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^-J/\psi$  data sample. The effect of an alternative binning scheme on the efficiency ratio is taken as a systematic uncertainty. The PID efficiency is

 TABLE II. Signal yields and the absolute differential branching fraction, in bins of  $q^2$ , for the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)\mu^+\mu^-$  decay. The first uncertainty is statistical, the second systematic, and the third due to the uncertainty on the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^-J/\psi$  and  $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$  branching fractions.

$q^2$ interval (GeV <sup>2</sup> /c <sup>4</sup> )	$N_{\Lambda(1520)\mu^+\mu^-}$	$d\mathcal{B}[\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)\mu^+\mu^-]/dq^2$ (10 <sup>-8</sup> GeV <sup>-2</sup> c <sup>4</sup> )
0.1–3.0	96 ± 18	1.89 ± 0.35 ± 0.19 ± 0.36
3.0–6.0	138 ± 18	2.42 ± 0.32 ± 0.17 ± 0.45
6.0–8.0	65 ± 14	1.58 ± 0.36 ± 0.16 ± 0.30
11.0–12.5	59 ± 14	2.07 ± 0.47 ± 0.26 ± 0.39
15.0–17.0	12 ± 5	0.57 ± 0.24 ± 0.13 ± 0.11
1.1–6.0	175 ± 21	1.95 ± 0.23 ± 0.16 ± 0.37

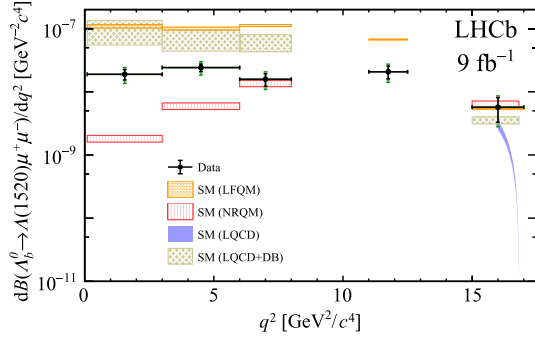


FIG. 3. Differential branching fraction of the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)\mu^+\mu^-$  decay in intervals of  $q^2$ . The error bars in black, gray, and green represent the measured results with statistical, systematic, and  $\mathcal{B}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^-J/\psi)$  uncertainties taken into account. Also shown are the SM predictions using the form factors calculated with the nonrelativistic quark model (NRQM) [61], light-front quark model (LFQM) [62], joint lattice QCD and dispersive bound (LQCD + DB) [63] and lattice QCD (LQCD) [64]. Note that the LQCD prediction is only available for  $q^2$  above 16  $\text{GeV}^2/c^4$ , and the trend instead of a rate average is shown. These theoretical predictions as well as evaluation of the corresponding uncertainties should be revisited given their significant differences.

determined in bins of the particle momentum and pseudorapidity using calibration data samples. The effects of different binning schemes and different calibration samples are evaluated. The sum in quadrature of these effects is taken as the systematic uncertainty arising from the PID efficiency.

The systematic uncertainty associated with the simulation corrections is determined by using alternative binning schemes to account for the finite statistics of the control modes. The corresponding deviation is taken as the systematic uncertainty. The systematic uncertainty associated with the signal decay model used in simulation is estimated by taking the difference in efficiency between the phase-space model and the model given in Ref. [61]. In addition, the systematic uncertainties due to the limited size of the simulated sample and precision of the  $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$  and  $\Lambda(1520) \rightarrow pK^-$  branching fractions are also taken into account.

The differential branching fraction of the  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)\mu^+\mu^-$  decay in intervals of  $q^2$  is reported in Table II, and is shown in Fig. 3. The SM prediction from Ref. [61], for which only the form factor uncertainties are considered, and the SM prediction from Refs. [62] and [63], are also shown. It is impossible to make a firm statement about the level of agreement between the experimental measurement and the theoretical predictions due to the significant variation among the different theoretical predictions.

In summary, the first measurement of the branching fraction of the rare decay  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)\mu^+\mu^-$  is presented using LHCb data corresponding to a total integrated

luminosity of  $9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ . The data are compared to several predictions within SM. In the highest  $q^2$  interval,  $q^2 > 15.0 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4$ , where the predictions have the smallest model dependence, they are consistent with the data. In the low- $q^2$  region, it is not possible to make a statement about the agreement between this experimental result and the predictions since the variation between the different SM predictions is much larger than their quoted uncertainties.

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T. Hadavizadeh<sup>63</sup> C. Hadjivasiliou<sup>60</sup> G. Haefeli<sup>43</sup> C. Haen<sup>42</sup> J. Haimberger<sup>42</sup> S. C. Haines<sup>49</sup>  
T. Halewood-leagas<sup>54</sup> M. M. Halvorsen<sup>42</sup> P. M. Hamilton<sup>60</sup> J. Hammerich<sup>54</sup> Q. Han<sup>7</sup> X. Han<sup>17</sup>  
S. Hansmann-Menzemer<sup>17</sup> L. Hao<sup>6</sup> N. Harnew<sup>57</sup> T. Harrison<sup>54</sup> C. Hasse<sup>42</sup> M. Hatch<sup>42</sup> J. He<sup>6,p</sup>  
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L. Henry<sup>42</sup> J. Herd<sup>55</sup> J. Heuel<sup>14</sup> A. Hicheur<sup>2</sup> D. Hill<sup>43</sup> M. Hilton<sup>56</sup> S. E. Hollitt<sup>15</sup> J. Horswill<sup>56</sup> R. Hou<sup>7</sup>  
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M. Karacson<sup>42</sup> D. Karpenkov<sup>38</sup> M. Karpov<sup>38</sup> J. W. Kautz<sup>59</sup> F. Keizer<sup>42</sup> D. M. Keller<sup>62</sup> M. Kenzie<sup>50</sup>  
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