Errata

Erratum: Phase transitions in InSb at pressures up to 5 GPa [Phys. Rev. B 47, 35 (1993)]

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Some of the features in the two-dimensional images published as part of this paper were not visible. Those images are republished here.



FIG. 3. (a) A pattern recorded from a mixture of InSb P2 and P3 at, or slightly above, the pressure in Fig. 2. The arrow marks the first line of one phase (P3). The adjacent broader lines are the first two of the second phase (P2). $\lambda = 0.4442$ Å. Exposure time = 10 min. Sample-to-plate distance = 350 mm. (b) The corresponding integrated profile. The asterisks mark the sharp-peaked features of P3. The inset displays the first three peaks on the same 2θ scale as in the inset of Fig. 2.



FIG. 4. (a) A pattern recorded from a mixture of InSb P2 and P3 at, or slightly above, ~2.1 GPa. The lowest-angle strong line of P2 is labeled "a" and the very weak low-angle line of P3 is labeled "b." $\lambda = 0.4446$ Å. Exposure time = 14 min. Sample-to-plate distance = 250 mm. (b) The corresponding integrated profile. The arrows below the profile mark the two nonoverlapped P2 lines (the one at $2\theta \sim 9^{\circ}$ is marked "a" in the 2D pattern). The features marked Δ and * [inset (i)] are discussed in the text. Inset (ii) shows the very weak low-angle line of P3 (marked "b" in the 2D pattern) recorded with an incident energy of 25.83 keV, far (f) from the In K edge (as in the main profile), and at 27.886 keV near (n) the In K edge (at 27.925 keV). Inset (iii) shows the cubic (200) reflection recorded with the same two incident x-ray energies as for inset (ii).

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(a)



FIG. 6 (a) A pattern recorded from a sample of InSb P3 partly transformed to P4 just above 2.1 GPa. Some P2 is also still present, as shown by the line labeled "a." The P3 lines labeled "b" are not overlapped by any P4 lines, and hence are free from spots. $\lambda = 0.4446$ Å. Exposure = 10 min. Sample-to-plate distance = 250 mm. (b) The corresponding integrated profile. Asterisks mark the strongest of the nonoverlapped P3 lines, labeled "b" in (a). The low-angle weak line of P3 is enlarged in inset (i), with a weak P4 line alongside. Inset (ii) shows the part of the profile below $2\theta = 15^\circ$, with the best-fitting calculated P3 profile subtracted to reveal the main P4 lines.



FIG. 8 (a) A pattern recorded from InSb P4 at ~3 GPa, just above the transition directly from the cubic phase. $\lambda = 0.4446$ Å. Exposure time=42 min. Sample-to-plate distance=250 mm. (b) The corresponding integrated profile. The insets show parts of the profile enlarged, as indicated. The arrow below the main profile indicates a weak non-P4 line. The marked features in the insets are discussed in the text.



FIG. 9 (a) A pattern recorded from InSb P4 at ~2.5 GPa and 100 °C. $\lambda = 0.4642$ Å. Exposure time = 146 min. Sample-to-plate distance = 250 mm. (b) The corresponding integrated profile. Inset (i) shows a weak low-angle line recorded with an incident x-ray energy of 26.709 keV, far (f) from the In K edge (as in the main profile), and at 27.886 keV, near (n) in the In K edge at (27.925 keV). The enlargement in inset (ii) reveals many weak superlattice reflections, marked Δ . Two of these are enlarged further in inset (iii), recorded far from and near the In K edge as in (i).



FIG. 12. (a) A pattern recorded from InSb at about 2.3 GPa after passing rapidly through the transition. $\lambda = 0.4442$ Å. Exposure time = 51 min. Sample-to-plate distance = 200 mm. (b) The corresponding integrated profile, and its subsequent evolution over a period of 2 days. The triangles under the initial profile show the positions of the principal β -tin lines. The one marked by a solid triangle at $2\theta \sim 22^{\circ}$ is the nonoverlapping P2 line indicated at the same position in Fig. 4(b). The weak low-angle is enlarged in the inset.

(a)



FIG. 15. (a) A mixed P3-P4 pattern recorded from InSb after passing through the transition at ~3.0 GPa. The strongest P4 lines are labeled "a," and the single visible P3 line is labeled "b." $\lambda = 0.4446$ Å. Exposure time=26 min. Sample-to-plate distance=250 mm. (b) A pattern recorded from the same sample 15 h later, after P3 has recrystallized to P4. $\lambda = 0.4446$ Å. Exposure time=42 min. Sample-to-plate distance=250 mm.



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