ERRATA

Erratum: Monte Carlo studies of universal critical amplitudes for the three-dimensional Ising model: Correlation length and renormalized coupling [Phys. Rev. B 40, 11 120 (1989)]

Pik-Yin Lai and K. K. Mon

There is an error in the fourth sentence in the second paragraph of Sec. I. This sentence should read as follows: "These predictions have not yet been tested by numerical simulations for the three-dimensional Ising model. There are detailed calculations for the related (2+1)-dimensional Ising model.¹⁻⁶

We thank Dr. M. Henkel for bringing these references to our attention.

¹C. J. Hamer, J. Phys. A 16, 1257 (1983).
 ²M. Henkel, J. Phys. A 17, L795 (1984).
 ³C. J. Hamer and C. H. J. Johnson, J. Phys. A 19, 423 (1986).

⁴M. Henkel, J. Phys. A 19, L247 (1986).
⁵M. Henkel, J. Phys. A 20, 3969 (1987).
⁶M. Henkel, J. Phys. A 20, L769 (1987).

© 1990 The American Physical Society

Erratum: Structural properties of oxygen-deficient $YBa_2Cu_3O_7 - \delta$ [Phys. Rev. B 41, 1863 (1990)]

J. D. Jorgensen, B. W. Veal, A. P. Paulikas, L. J. Nowicki, G. W. Crabtree, H. Claus, and W. K. Kwok

The paper inadvertently omitted acknowledgment of the fact that the iodometric analysis of oxygen content were carried out by E. H. Appelman and L. R. Morss of the Argonne National Laboratory Chemistry Division using a special procedure that they had developed for this purpose (see Ref. 33 of the original paper). The authors regret the omission.

© 1990 The American Physical Society

Erratum: Limits $d \rightarrow \infty$ and $T \rightarrow 0$ may not commute in the Ising spin glass [Phys. Rev. B 41, 7318 (1990)]

Anil Khurana

J. D. Reger, R. N. Bhatt, and A. P. Young [Phys. Rev. Lett. 64, 1859 (1990)] have recently investigated the distribution of the order parameter, or overlaps between different solutions, in the four-dimensional Ising spin glass using Monte Carlo simulations. Reger, Bhatt, and Young find that the distribution has a nonzero weight at small overlaps, which is reminiscent of the behavior obtained in the Parisi solution of the Sherrington-Kirkpatrick model. The remark made in Ref. 10 of the above paper, regarding what the numerical simulations tell us about the nature of the finite-dimensional Ising spin glass, therefore no longer applies.