


**Erratum: High-frequency mechanical excitation of a silicon nanostring with piezoelectric aluminum nitride layers [Phys. Rev. Applied 14, 014054 (2020)]**

Alessandro Pitanti <sup>1</sup>, Tapani Makkonen,<sup>2</sup> Martin F. Colombano,<sup>3,4</sup> Simone Zanotto,<sup>1</sup>  
Leonardo Vicarelli,<sup>1</sup> Marco Cecchini,<sup>1</sup> Amadeu Griol,<sup>5</sup> Daniel Navarro-Urrios,<sup>6</sup>  
Clivia Sotomayor-Torres,<sup>3,7</sup> Alejandro Martinez,<sup>5</sup> and Jouni Ahopelto<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>NEST Lab., CNR - Istituto di Nanoscienze and Scuola Normale Superiore, piazza San Silvestro 12,  
56217 Pisa - Italy

<sup>2</sup>VTT Technical Research Centre of Finland Ltd, P.O. Box 1000, FI-02044 VTT, Espoo, Finland

<sup>3</sup>Catalan Institute of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology (ICN2), CSIC and BIST, Campus UAB, Bellaterra, 08193  
Barcelona, Spain

<sup>4</sup>Depto. Física, Universidad Autónoma de Barcelona, Bellaterra, 08193 Barcelona, Spain

<sup>5</sup>Nanophotonics Technology Center, Universitat Politècnica de Valencia, Spain

<sup>6</sup>MIND-IN2UB, Departament d'Electrònica, Facultat de Física, Universitat de Barcelona, Martí i Franquès 1,  
08028 Barcelona, Spain

<sup>7</sup>Catalan Institute for Research and Advances Studies ICREA, Barcelona, Spain



(Received 17 February 2022; published 9 March 2022)

DOI: [10.1103/PhysRevApplied.17.039901](https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevApplied.17.039901)

We report on a minor correction in our article: “High frequency mechanical excitation of a silicon nanostring with piezoelectric aluminum nitride layers”. The sentence at page 4, starting at line 13 to the last, contains a mistake in the rescaling factor to compare single-frequency to multi-frequency measurements.

The corrected sentence reads as:

*The total, integrated voltage set in each window is of  $3.5 V_{RMS}$ ; to compare the result with the one given by the monochromatic, single frequency 1 GHz tone, one should consider that the signal is normalized considering the peak envelope power voltage equally spread on each excitation window. Scaling opportunely the single frequency measurement for a factor  $\sqrt{2/n}$  times the voltages ratio, the  $\sim 300$  pm displacement amplitude at 1 GHz reported in Fig. 3 should then translate to roughly 7 pm at the same frequency.*

Note that our correction does not affect the figures, the results nor the conclusions of our manuscript.